# National Forests OF THE INTERMOUNTAIN REGION

UTAH
SOUTHERN IDAHO
WESTERN WYOMING
NEVADA

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## NATIONAL FORESTS AWAIT YOUR VISIT

Almost any major highway in Utah, Nevada, western Wyoming and southern Idaho leads to one of the 14 National Forests in the Intermountain Region. Go through scenic Emery Canyon on U.S. 50 as it winds through the Fishlake National Forest, or take U.S. 89 across the Continental Divide at Fremont Pass on the Teton National Forest. While traveling through Idaho on Highway 93 south from U.S. 30, you will enjoy the beauty of the Sawtooth National Forest and the Challis National Forest. Visit the Uinta National Forest in Utah's Provo River Canyon for a quick escape to the mountains, or travel for a couple of hours to U.S. 191 through the Manti-LaSal National Forest and Canyonlands National Park.

Whatever your interest, there's a place for you in the National Forests. Camping, picnicking, hiking, fishing, hunting, boating, skiing, photography, nature study, and just plain relaxing are all popular activities. Many of the developed recreation areas have modern facilities, such as flush toilets, drinking water, and tables. Others are primitive, with only the basic facilities. Whatever your preference, you'll find it in the National Forests.

Fishermen often need flame to take to streams and reservoirs. Water skiers and boaters flock to the rivers. Because facilities are usually limited, they provide for many visitors. Still, there's room for all, but each must respect the rights of the others. Because facilities are usually limited, they provide for many visitors. Still, there's room for all, but each must respect the rights of the others.

Each of the 14 National Forests in the Intermountain Region offers its own special attractions. Some have developed campgrounds, others have only primitive areas. Some have lakes, streams, and reservoirs, others have only a few springs. Some have downhill ski areas, others have only cross-country trails. Some have hiking trails, others have only roads. Some have hunting, others have only fishing. Some have all of these things, others have none of them. But each National Forest has its own special attractions.

## FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, WRITE TO:

Regional Forester
Forest Service
Federal Office Building
324 25th Street
Ogden, Utah 84401

Forest Supervisor
Wasatch National Forest
Federal Building
125 South State
Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

Forest Supervisor
Uinta National Forest
Federal Building
88 West First North
Provo, Utah 84601

Forest Supervisor
Fishlake National Forest
115 North Main Street
Richfield, Utah 84701

Forest Supervisor
Manti-LaSal National Forest
350 East Main Street
Price, Utah 84501

Forest Supervisor
Pacific National Forest
Forest Service Building
Medford, Idaho 83843

Forest Supervisor
Challis National Forest
Forest Service Building
Challis, Idaho 83226

Forest Supervisor
Sawtooth National Forest
1525 Addison Avenue East
Twin Falls, Idaho 83301

Forest Supervisor
Boise National Forest
Federal Building
Boise, Idaho 83702

Forest Supervisor
Targhee National Forest
420 North Bridge Street
St. Anthony, Idaho 83445

Forest Supervisor
Bridger-Teton National Forest
Forest Service Building
Jackson, Wyoming 83001

Forest Supervisor
Caribou National Forest
427 North Main Street
Pocatello, Idaho 83201

Forest Supervisor
Humboldt National Forest
976 Mountain City Highway
Elko, Nevada 89801

Forest Supervisor
Ashley National Forest
Forest Service Building
Vernal, Utah 84078

Forest Supervisor
Dixie National Forest
82 East 100 South
Cedar City, Utah 84720

Forest Supervisor
Toiyabe National Forest
111 South Main
Reno, Nevada 89501

Forest Supervisor
Sawtooth National Recreation Area
P.O. Box 8
Ketchum, Idaho 83340

## WATER FOR RECREATION

Sometimes lakes, both large and small, and pounds, water for canoes, sailboats, and motor boats. Boating opportunities are readily available on water are located on Flaming Gorge Reservoir in the Ashley National Forest in Utah and other waters in other National Forests. These large reservoirs provide unlimited facilities and offer a real water experience.

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Lakes in the high country attract those seeking cool and solitude. These, too, are a major recreation resource for the many visitors to the mountains.

Cabin waters of alpine lakes and cut sharply with churning waters in the famous Middle Fork of the Salmon River in the Idaho Primitive Area. Men in rubber life rafts challenge the rapids and impassable canyons of the legendary "River of No Return." Licensed guides are available to help adventurers run the rapids of these waters. Pushboats help a lightly traveled here and on Red Lake down the Green River in Wyoming and Utah and the Snake River in Idaho.

Recreation use of water is only part of the story. Each day water is becoming more important throughout the country. In the Intermountain area most farms, homes, and industries depend in part on the more than 2 million acre-feet of water produced on National Forests. One of the primary goals of National Forest managers and users is to maintain watersheds in good condition to produce the maximum amount of quality water.

## WELCOME HUNTER

Here in National Forests, along with wide open spaces, you'll find plenty of large game animals. Deer, elk, bear, and antelope are found in many areas. Mountain lions, bighorn sheep, and moose are also present in smaller numbers. Upland game birds, such as grouse, chukar partridge, and pheasant, are found in many areas. Waterfowl, including ducks, geese, and swans, are found on many lakes and streams.

Most deer, elk, bear, and antelope are hunted in the fall of the year. Hunting seasons and bag limits are established by the state fish and game departments. Be sure to check with them before you hunt. Be familiar with all state laws and regulations before you hunt.

Rare and endangered wildlife species, while few in number, are given special attention by Forest Service wildlife management plans. Bald eagle treatment is given to the sharp-tail grouse, the trumpeter swan, the Gilbert, and the bald eagle. Ranger District land habitat plans coordinate wildlife management needs with the needs of people in line with the goal of increasing their numbers.

Become familiar with State Fish and Game laws applying to firearms. They are designed and enforced for your safety and for other National Forest visitors. Shooting is always prohibited in and near Forest Service campgrounds and other recreation areas.

## BALANCED USE OF RESOURCES

## ENJOYING THE NATIONAL FORESTS

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
JOHN R. MCGUIRE, CHIEF

# NATIONAL FORESTS
OF THE
# INTERMOUNTAIN REGION

1971

LEGEND

NORTHERN REGION
HEADQUARTERS: MISSOULA, MONTANA
ADDRESS: FEDERAL BUILDING

INTERMOUNTAIN REGION
HEADQUARTERS: OGDEN, UTAH
ADDRESS: 324 25TH STREET 84401

CALIFORNIA REGION
HEADQUARTERS: SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
ADDRESS: 630 SANSOME STREET 94111

PACIFIC NORTHWEST REGION
HEADQUARTERS: PORTLAND, OREGON
ADDRESS: 319 S.W. PINE STREET 97208

NEZPERCE NATIONAL FOREST
BITTERROOT NATIONAL FOREST
WALLOWA NATIONAL FOREST
SALMON NATIONAL FOREST
PAYETTE NATIONAL FOREST
BOISE NATIONAL FOREST
CHALLIS NATIONAL FOREST
SAWTOOTH NATIONAL FOREST
SALMON RIVER MOUNTAINS
SALMON RIVER BREAKS PRIMITIVE AREA
CLEARWATER NATIONAL FOREST
BEAVERHEAD NATIONAL FOREST
GALLATIN NATIONAL FOREST
CUSTER NATIONAL FOREST
YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK
SHOSHONE NATIONAL FOREST
TETON NATIONAL FOREST
GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARK
NATIONAL ELK REFUGE
BRIDGER NATIONAL FOREST
CARIBOU NATIONAL FOREST
TARGHEE NATIONAL FOREST
WASATCH NATIONAL FOREST
ASHLEY NATIONAL FOREST
MANTI-LASAL NATIONAL FOREST
DIXIE NATIONAL FOREST
FISHLAKE NATIONAL FOREST
TOIYABE NATIONAL FOREST
HUMBOLDT NATIONAL FOREST
INYO NATIONAL FOREST
ELDORADO NATIONAL FOREST
LAKE TAHOE BASIN MANAGEMENT UNIT
PLUMAS NATIONAL FOREST
LASSEN NATIONAL FOREST
MODOC NATIONAL FOREST
CHARLES SHELDON NATIONAL ANTELOPE REFUGE
WARNER MTNS.
DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL PARK
AMARGOSA
Telescope Peak
YOSEMITE NATIONAL PARK
LAKE POWELL
SALT LAKE CITY
LAS VEGAS
BILLINGS
INTERMOUNTAIN REGION

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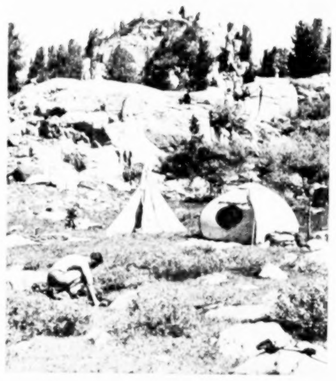

## HELP PREVENT FOREST FIRES

LIGHTNING is the most frequent cause of fire in the Intermountain Region. Efficient detection techniques and improved firefighting methods lessen the damage to forests.

MAN is the cause of many fires. Some are the result of carelessness and others are deliberate. You can help prevent fires by being careful and alert.

ABANDONED CAMPFIRES are number one on the man-caused fire list in the Intermountain Region. Campfires should be built in a safe location, preferably in prepared fire spots.

SMOKERS are number two on the man-caused fire list. Cigarettes and matches should be used with care in the forest and on highways.

FIRE CLOSURES are necessary during serious fire danger to protect valuable resources. Signs on National Forests will announce these restrictions. Following are possible requirements:
Shovel, axe, and bucket with each vehicle or pack train.
Campfire permits required.
Smoking and campfire closure.

***Fireworks are always prohibited in all National Forests.***

## WINTER PLAYGROUND

## FISHING

## HIKING AND RIDING

## SPECIAL LANDS

## MOTORIZED VEHICLES

## LITTERING

Forest Service cleanup crews each year face the ever increasing and expensive job of moving mountains of litter left by careless visitors. A public aware of this could do much to help keep the National Forests clean. When you are visiting National Forests please deposit refuse in containers or locations designated for trash disposal or remove it completely from National Forest land.

So that we may conserve time and money, many recreation sites have a central deposit area rather than individual garbage cans at each unit. It is mandatory for those who travel into the wilderness to carry out all unburnable garbage, leaving the isolated back country clean, uncluttered, and better than you found it.

March 81- 2137